Nāsikas (c)—a western kingdom.

Br. II. 16. 61.

 $N\bar{a}sikhyas$ (c)—the people of the southern country.

Vā. 45. 130.

 $N\bar{a}hu$ șa—the patronymic of Yayāti (s.v.) knew the power of the yoga of Viṣṇu.

Bhā. II. 7. 44; X. 60. 41.

Nāhuṣī—a son of Ātmavān and father of Rcīka, born from the thighs.

Vā. 65. 91-2.

Nikara—a Rākṣasa clan, like the Bhadrakas.

Vā. 69. 189.

Nikumbha (1)—the son of Haryaśva and father of Barhaṇāśva¹ (Samhatāśva- $V\bar{a}$. P.: Amitāśva-Vi. P.); killed in the Rāma-Rāvaṇa war;² deep in Kṣatriya dharma.³

¹ Bhā. IX. 6. 24-25; M. 12. 33; Vi. IV. 2. 45. ² Bhā. IX. 10. 18; Br. III. 63. 64. ³ Vā. 88. 62-63.

Nikumbha (11)—a Brahmarākṣasa and son of Sphūrja residing in Sutalam.

Br. II. 20, 21; III. 7, 95; Vā. 50, 21; 69, 130.

Nikumbha (III)—a son of Bala.

Br. III. 6. 33.

Nikumbha (IV)—a Ganeśa who appeared in a dream to a Brahmana in King Divodāsa's time and asked his worship to be conducted at the city gate; conferred benefits on all except the queen who wanted a son. Suyaśā, the queen of Divodāsa propitiated Nikumbha with rich offerings;