Maṇḍalam (II)—a place near Prayāgā protected by Hari;¹ five yojanas in extent;² every step there, is equal to an aśvamedha.³

¹ M. 104. 9. ² Ib. 108. 9. ³ Ib. 111. 8.

Mandalā—one of the ten pīthas for images; round in shape with a number of mekhalas.

M. 262. 6, 9, 17.

Mandalādhyāyam—to be uttered in installing an image.

M. 265, 26,

Mandaleśvaras-provincial heads.

Br. III. 38, 20,

Mandavāya—the hill for performing śrāddha.

Vā. 77. 56.

Maṇḍūka—a Yakṣa; son of Punyajanī and Maṇibhadra. Br. III. 7. 123.

 $\mathit{Mandukam}$ —gift of a copper one in ceremonials connected with the digging of tanks.

M. 58. 19.

Mandodarī (1)—the queen of Rāvaṇa; heard of Rāvaṇa's death, and went to the battlefield and bewailed the fate of all Rākṣasas.

Bhā. IX. 10. 24-28.

Mandodarī (11)—a daughter of Maya and Rambhā. Br. III. 6, 29.