be sung or chaunted. With वि (विनायति) To assert repeatedly.

नेर min. (-र:-री-र) Mountain, mountaineer, mountain-born. E. निरि, and

गैरिक mfn. (-क:-की कं) Mountain, mountain-born or produced n. (-कं) 1. Red chalk, or as sometimes applied, red orpiment. 2. Gold. E. गिरि a mountain, affix उत्त.

गैरिय min. (-य:-यी-य) Mountain, mountaineer, mountain-born. n. (-यं) 1. Bitumen. 2. Red chalk. E. गिरि a mountain, affix दक्

नी m. (-नी:) 1. Heaven, Swarga or paradise. 2. A bull. 3. A ray of light.
4. The thunderbolt. 5. The moon. 6. The sun. 7. A kind of sacrifice, the sacrifice of a cow. 8. The moment of the sun's entering Taurus. mn (नी:-गु) 1. The hair of the body. 2. Water: (in the last sense some confine it to the mas. plu. नाव: and according to others, it is neuter in several other senses.) f. (-नी:) 1. A cow. 2. The eye.
3. An arrow. 4. quarter, as the east, west, &c. 5. Speech; also identified with the goddess of speech, Saraswati. 6. The earth. 7. A mother. E. गम to go, and नाव दी Unadi aff. गम्हित प्रोत

गोक एक m. (-क:) 1 The name of a plant : see गोखुर. 2. The print of a cow's hoof or spot so marked. E. गी the earth or a cow, &c. and करूरक a thorn. गी: पृथिव्या: करूरक इव !

नीकर्ष m. (-चें:) 1. A span from the tip of the thumb to that of the little finger. 2. A kind of deer, (the Nilgan) 3. A mule. 4. A class of demigods. 5. A kind of snake. 6. A snake in general. 7. A place of pilgrimage on the Malabar coast. f. (-चीं) A plant, (Aletris hyacinthoides:) see मुद्धा. E. मी a cow, and कर्ष an ear, having ears like a cow, &c. मी: नेव कर्षी यस ।

नीकिरादिका f. (-का) A bird, considered as one kind of the common Maina, (Turdus salica.) E. नी the earth, and किर a hog, घट who goes, with कब् added in the fem. form; resembling a hog, feeding on ordure, &c.

गीकिल m. (-ल:) 1. A plough, 2. A pestle. E. गी the earth, and किल् to go. affix क; also गीकील.

गोकील m. (-ल:) 1. A pestle. 2. A plough, E. गी the earth, and कील a pin or bolt. गी: पृथिव्या: कील इव

गोज़ल n. (-ल') I. A herd of kine, a multitude of cattle. 2. A cow-house or station. 3. A village or tract on the Jumna, the residence of Nanda and of Krishna during his youth n. नो a cow, and जुल an assemblage.

गीकु जिस mfn. (-क:-का-कं) 1. Squint-eyed. 2. One who does not give help to a cowin the mud. E. भी the eye, &c. and कुल् to accumulate, affix उन्. गीकत n. (-तं) Cowdung. E. भी a cow, and कृत made.

मोजूर m. (-र:) The name of a plant; also Gokhura, (Ruellia longifolia, Rox, it is also applied in Bengal to Tribulus lanuginosus.) n. (-रं) A cow's hoof. E. नी a cow, and जुर a hoof, the thorns getting between the hoofs of cattle; also with कन् added गोजुरक, and with जुर a hoof, गोजुर.

गीचरक m. (-कः) See the preceding.

गीखर m. (-र:) See गीचर ; also गीखरि.

गीगीयुग n. (-ग') A pair of oxen. B. गी, and गीयुग a pair. गनी दिलम्। [गीष्ठच्। गीगीष्ठ n. (-ष्ठ') A cattle shed. E. गी, and गीष्ठ a shed. गी: स्थानम् गा + स्थाने गीगृष्टि f. (-ष्टि:) A cow that has had one calf. B. गी a cow, and गृष्टि q. v. the same as the compound. सक्तत् प्रम्तायां गनि।

गीयन्य m. (-न्य:) 1. Dried cow-dung. 2. A station for cows, a cow-yard or house, &c. E. गी a cow, यन्य to arrange, and इन् aff. गीजांती यन्य:।

बीयह m. (-ह:) Spoil, booty, capture of cattle. E. नी, and यह seizing. बीयास m. (-स:) The ceremony of presenting grass to the cow when making atonement. E. नी, and यास a mouthful.

জীয় mfn. (-ম্:-মী-ম্) Who or what kills kine. m. (মু:) A guest. E. নী a cow, and ম what kills, from হ্ৰ with ক affix; a cow being killed on the arrival of the latter, or being presented to him.

नीवृत n. (तं) 1. Rain. 3. Ghee made from cow's milk. E. नी the earth, वृत्त what sprinkles, from प to sprinkle or wet, affix क.

गोचर m. (-र:) 1. An object of sense, as sound, shape, colour, &c. 2. A country, a district. 3. The house or mansion of a planet, or its presence in any sign which is that of a person's nativity. 4. Pasturage. B. नी an organ of sense, &c. and चर what goes, from चर to go, निपातने चच बर्त.

गीयकान् n. (-का) 1. A cow's hide. 2. A hide of land, 300 feet long, by 10 broad: it is also defined as that extent of land, the crop of which will support a man for a year. E. भी and चकान् skin.

गीचारक m. (-क:) A cowherd. E. गी, चर to go, causal form चिच् खु लु की. गीकाल m. (-क:) The palm of the hand with the fingers extended, &c. see चलन्य प. गां भूमिन् चाच्छादयति क्द-चिच् चण् प्रवीदरादिलात्। भूकदम्बे। चाकुलिया।

गीजल n. (-लं) Cow's urine. E. गी, and जल water. गिव जातं जलम्। गीजागरिक m. (-कः) A prickly nightshade. n. (-कं) Happy, fortunate, auspicious. E. गी the earth, जाग to wake or to be awake, affix उक्

गीजिहा f. (-हा) A potherb growing wild. (Elephantophus scaber.) E. गी a cow, and जिहा a tongue: the leaves being so compared; also with कन added गीजिहना.

गीड़ m. (-ड्:) A lump of flesh on the navel. E. गुड़ to be sound, affix गीड़क्त mf. (-क्व:क्वा) The water melon. f. (-क्वा) A kind of cucumber, (Cucumis madras patanus.) E. गी the earth, तृति to hurt, affix क and त changed to ड. गा भूमिं तृत्वति षद्ति। तृति-क पृतीदराः।

नीची f. (-ची) 1. Torn or ragged clothes. 2. A sack. 3. The measure of a Drona. E. मुण् to reckon, affixes चन्न निन्म : and डीच the deriv. irr. नीउन्ह mfn. (-न्ह:-न्हः) A person with a prominent navel. m. (-न्हः: A man of a low tribe, a mountaineer, especially inhabiting the eastern portion of the Vindhya range, between the Nerbudda and Krishna

portion of the Vindhya range, between the Nerbudda and Krishna giving name to the province of Gondwana. 2. A prominent navel, or a lump of flesh on the navel, &c. ह. गुडि to enclose, &c. यह आहे. शीसम m. (-म:) The name of a sage belonging to the family of Angiras

father of Satananda; also गीतम. गीभिलमी घलं यस पृषीदरादिलात्। गीतमान्वय m. (-य:) A name of Sakya or Sakya Muni, a Baud'dha sage. E. गीतम a sage, and चन्य lineage; the descendant of Gotama.

गीतज्ञज m. (-ज:) An excellent cow. E. जी a cow, तज्ञज implying excellence. जीव n. (-ज) 1. Family, race, lineage, kin. 2. A name, an appellation. 3. A forest. 4. A field. 5. A Ch'hattra, an umbrella or parasol. 6. A road. 7. Knowledge of futurity, inspiration. 8. A genus, a class or species 9. A caste, a tribe or subdivision of it into families, as in that of the Brahman; twenty-four Gotras are reckoned, supposed to be sprung from and named after celebrated teachers, as Sandilva, Kasyapa, Gautama. Bharadwaja, &c. 10. Increase. 11. Wealth. f. (-जा) 1. The earth. 2. A herd of kine. m. (-ज:) A mountain. E. ज to sound, and a Unadi affix, or जी the earth, &c. and ज what preserves, from के with ज aff. जो भूकि जायते के इ पालने का

गीवज mf. (-ज:-जा) A relation: in law, the term is nearly equivalent to the Gentile of Roman law, and is applied to kindred of the same general family, who are connected by offerings of food and water, and stands opposed to the Bandh'u or cognate kin, who do not partake in the offerings to the common ancestors: see बन्धु. ह गीव as above, ज boru. गीव समाने वंदी जायते जन-ड।

गीवभिद्र m. (-भिद्र- or भित्) A name of INDRA. E. गीच a mountain, and भिद्र who splits, (with his thunderbolt.) गीव' पर्वतं भेघ' वा भिनति। भिद्र-सिप्।

गीपरिवय n. (-क्षं) Patrimony, inheritance. E. गीत्र, and रिवय wealth. गीद mfn. (-द:-दा-दं) Who or what gives a cow. m. (द:) The brain. E. गी light or a cow, and द what gives. गां नेच' दायति गीधयति दै-क ।

गीदल m. (-ल:) 1. Yellow orpiment. 2. A cow's tooth. 3. A fossile substance of a white colour, apparently an earthy salt. B. नी a cow,