

1. To go separately or apart. 2. To come or arrive. 3. To spread. 4. To forego, to quit or leave. With प्रति, 1. To go towards, to assail. 2. To go back. With सम्, To obtain. With निस्, 1. To slip. 2. To depart. 3. To ooze out. With परि, 1. To flow round. 2. To go round.

सुक m. (-कः) 1. A lotus. 2. Air, wind. 3. An arrow. 4. A thunder-bolt. E. सु to go, कक् Una'di aff.

सुकङ्क f. (-ङ्कः) Itch, psora, scab. [सुगाल, शुकाल, &c.]

सुकाल m. (-कः) A jackal. E. सु to go, कालन् aff., कुक् augment; also सुकन् n. (-कः) The corner of the mouth. E. सुज् to quit, (saliva), कनिन् aff., form irr.; this word has various forms, as with a final vowel सुक n. (-कः) with कन्, or कनिन्, सुक n. (-कः) or सुकान् n. (-कः); with क्ति or क्ति aff.: सुकित् n. (-कित्) or सुकित् n. (-कित्); with इनि, सुकित् n. (-कित्) or सुकित् n. (-कित्) and with डीप् added, fem. form, सुकित्णी, सुकित्णी, &c.

सुग m. (-गः) 1. A sort of arrow, thrown with the hand or shot through a tube. 2. A sling. E. सु to go, aff. गक्।

सुगाल m. (-लः) 1. A jackal. 2. A Daitya or demon. E. सुज् to let go, कालन् aff.; more usually शुकाल।

सुहा f. (-हा) A kind of garland made of jewels.

सुज् r. 4th cl. (सुज्यते) r. 6th cl. (सुजति) 1. To leave, to quit. 2. To be left or abandoned. 3. To create, to make. 4. To let loose. 5. To shed. 6. To throw. 7. To place on, to apply. 8. To beget. 9. To send away. With चति, 1. To leave. 2. To give. 3. To remit. With चमि, To give. With चव, 1. To let loose. 2. To cast. With उद्, 1. To shed. 2. To let loose. 3. To abandon. 4. To shoot. 5. To throw away. 6. To dismiss. 7. To return. 8. To repudiate. 9. To decline. With उप, 1. To pour out or on, to make an oblation. 2. To join. 3. To oppress. 4. To eclipse. With नि, To deliver, to set free. With प्र, 1. To abandon. 2. To injure. With वि, 1. To shed. 2. To abandon. 3. To drop. 4. To send. 5. To let fall. 6. To repudiate. 7. To utter. 8. To give. With उत् or वि prefixed, To abandon, to quit, to reject. With सम्, To unite, to be in alliance or contact with.

सुज् m. (-सुक् or सुग्-सुट् or सुट्) A Creator. E. सुज् to create, aff. क्तिप्।

सुजिकाचार m. (-रः) Natron, alkali. E. See सुजिकाचार। [v., शानच् aff.]

सुज्यमान mfn. (-नः-ना-नं) Being made or created. E. सुज् to create, pass.

सुखि m. (-खिः) 1. An enemy. 2. The moon. mf. (-खिः or -खिः-णी) A hook used to drive an elephant. E. सु to go, नि Una'di aff., and the vowel unchanged.

सुखिका f. (-का) Saliva. E. सु to go, नि added, and कन् aff.; or सु as before, with ईकन् Una'di aff., and तुक् augment, सुखिका f. (-का)।

सुत mfn. (-तः-ता-तं) Gone. E. सु to go, aff. त।

सुति f. (-तिः) 1. A road, a path, a way. 2. Going, gliding, proceeding. 3. Hurting, injuring. E. सु to go, aff. तिन्।

सुतर mfn. (-रः-री-रं) Going, moving. f. (-री) 1. A stream, a river. 2. A mother. E. सु to go, तरप् aff., तुक् augment.

सुदर m. (-रः) A snake. E. सु to go, दर Una'di aff.; or सु-धरक् दुक् च।

सुदाहु m. (-हुः) 1. Fire. 2. Air, wind. 3. INDRA'S thunderbolt. 4. The disc or orb of the sun. f. (-हुः) A river in general. E. सु to go, काहु Una'di aff., and दुक् augment.

सुप् (क्) सुप् r. 1st. cl. (सुपति) 1. To go, to move. 2. To creep, to crawl. With चप, 1. To go from, to depart. 2. To deviate from. 3. To espy. With उप, 1. To go near. 2. To undergo. 3. To go forth. 4. To move. With चनु, To approach. With उद्, To rise, to overflow. With परि, To move to and fro. With प्र, 1. To proceed, to come forth. 2. To prevail, to spread. With वि, 1. To sneak about, to fly about. 2. To march, to proceed. 3. To spread. 4. To fall, to flow. 5. To disperse. 6. To wind. 7. To run away. With सम्, 1. To flow. 2. To glide.

सुपाट mf. (-टः-टी) A kind of measure. E. सु to go, पाट aff.; or सुप्-काटन्।

सुपाटिका f. (-का) The beak of a bird. E. सु to go, पाट aff., कन् added, fem. form.

सुप्त mfn. (-प्तः-प्ता-प्तं) Gone, going. E. सुप् to go, क्त aff.

सुप्र m (-प्रः) The moon. E. सुप् to go, रक् Una'di aff.; or सुप्-कन्।

सुम् r. 1st. cl. (सुमति) इ, सुभि (सुमति) To injure or kill.

सुम्नर mfn. (-रः-रा-रं) Going, going well or quickly. m. (-रः) A kind of animal; according to some authorities, a young deer. E. सु to go, न्मरच् aff.

सुष्ट mfn. (-ष्टः-ष्ठा-ष्टं) 1. Created, made. 2. Much, many. 3. Ascertained. 4. Joined, attached, connected. 5. Ornamented, adorned. 6. Left, abandoned. 7. Poured out. E. सुज् to create, aff. त।

सुष्टवत् mfn. (-वान्-वती-वत्) Creating, making. E. सुज् to create, क्तवत् aff.

सुष्टि f. (-ष्टिः) 1. Creation, creating. 2. Nature, natural property or disposition. 3. The absence of properties. 4. The existence of properties or qualities. 5. Giving away, gift. 6. Letting loose. E. सुज् to create or abandon, aff. तिन्।

सुष्टा Ind. Having created. E. सुज् to create, क्ता aff.

सु र. 9th cl. (सुधाति) To hurt, to injure, to kill.; also वृ।

सैक् (क्) (सैक्) r. 1st. cl. (सैकते) To go, to move.

सैक m. (-कः) 1. Sprinkling, aspersion, as of a fluid, or of Ghee on the sacrificial fire, &c. 2. Seminal effusion. E. विच् to sprinkle, aff. चन्।

सैकपात्र n. (-त्रं) A bucket, a baling vessel. E. सैक् sprinkling, पात्र vessel.

सैकिन n. (-नं) A radish. E. विच् to sprinkle, इमच् aff.; or सैक् वा डिम।

सैकृ mfn. (-कृ-क्री-कृ) Sprinkling, aspergent, who or what sprinkles. m. (-कृ) A husband. E. विच् to sprinkle, aff. हक्।

सैकृ n. (-कृ) A bucket. E. विच् to sprinkle, aff. इन्।

सैकृक mfn. (-कः-का-कं) Sprinkling, a sprinkler. m. (-कः) A cloud. E. विच् to sprinkle, aff. खल्।

सैचन n. (-नं) 1. Sprinkling, aspersion. 2. Dripping, oozing. nf. (-नं-नी) A bucket, a baling vessel. E. विच् to sprinkle, aff. खट्।

सैटु m. (-टुः) 1. The water-melon. 2. A kind of cucumber, (Cucumis Madraspatanus.) E. विट् to disregard, उन् aff.

सैतु m. (-तुः) 1. A mound, a bank, a causeway, dyke, an elevated piece of ground separating fields, and serving, during their inundation in the rains, for the passage of travellers, &c. 2. A bridge. 3. A pass, a defile, a road practised in mountainous countries, and places of difficult access. 4. A land-mark. 5. A boundary. 6. A barrier, an obstruction of any kind. 7. A fixed rule or law. 8. An epithet of the sacred syllable "Om." 9. A tree, (Tapia crataeva.) E. वि to bind, तुन् Una'di aff. [added to the last.]

सैतुक m. (-कः) 1. A tree, (Tapia crataeva.) 2. A causeway, a pass. E. कन्

सैतुवन्ध m. (-न्धः) 1. The ridge of rocks extending from the [south extremity of the Coromandel coast towards the island of Ceylon, supposed to have been formed by HANUMA N by command of RA'MA, as a bridge for the passage of his forces, when going against RA'VAN'A. 2. Any dyke or dam, &c. E. सैतु a bridge, बन्ध a binding.

सैतुभेदिन् m. (-दी) A plant, commonly Danti, (Croton polyandrum.)

सैतुवृच m. (-चः) A tree, (Tapia crataeva.) E. सैतु the same, वृच a tree.

सैतु n. (-तु) A ligament, a fetter. E. वि to bind, इन् aff.

सैदिवस् f. (-दुवौ) Sitting.

सैधा f. (-धा) A porcupine.

सैन f. (-ना) Adj. Having a lord.

सैना f. (-ना) 1. An army. 2. A goddess, commonly known by DE'VA-SENA, the personified armament of the gods, the wife of KA'RTIKEYA. 3. The mother of the third Jaina pontiff of the present era. E. वि to bind, नक् and टाप् affs.; or स with, इन् a lord or leader.

सैनायग m. (-गः) The leader of an army. E. सैनाय the front of an army, ग who goes.

सैनाङ्ग n. (-ङ्ग) A component part or member of an army, as elephants, chariots, cavalry or infantry. E. सैना an army, चङ्ग limb or member.